

# Discovery Meeting Merrimack Watershed

July 7, 2015 – Manchester, New Hampshire

July 7, 2015 - Concord, New Hampshire

July 8, 2015 - Haverhill, Massachusetts





### Introductions

- Risk MAP Project Team
- City and County partners and officials
- State partners and officials
- Other Federal Agencies partner representatives
- Associations
- Others





## Need for Updates

- Known discrepancies in current FISs
- Additional problems
  - Out-of-date hydrology
    - Re-calculation of 10-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year peakflow annual exceedance probabilities (AEPs) needed, due to additional 35+ years of streamflow data and recent large events
  - Working to identify discrepancies in current FISs with data from the spring 2010 (MA) and spring 2006 and spring 2007 (NH) floods
    - Will compare how HWMs plot on FIS profiles and on USGS streamgage statistics
    - Very different AEPs will indicate problems in effective hydraulic models used to build profiles





## Need for Updates

#### Additional problems (continued)

- Clusters of Letters of Map Change (LOMCs) indicating inaccuracies in the effective floodplains
- In nearby watersheds, First Order Approximation (FOA) has indicated that many effective A Zones may be inaccurately mapped and/or may be based on outdated engineering





# First Order Approximation

#### Goal:

- Perform approximate engineering analysis using modern data and tools
- Compare effective Zone A to new one using a formula to determine pass/fail

#### Results:

- 311 zones in Merrimack study area
- Analysis has begun
- Results from nearby watershed (Charles): only 85% of zones pass with generous vertical tolerance; only 4% of zones pass without tolerance

#### Likely conclusion:

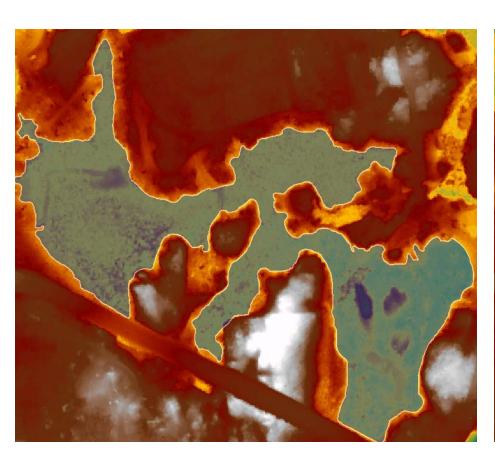
A Zones in Merrimack study area are not in good shape

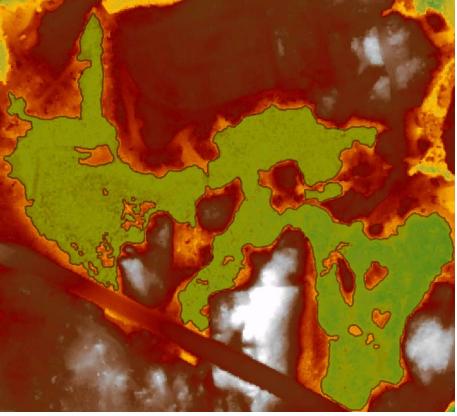




# First Order Approximation

#### FOA Results Similar to Effective:



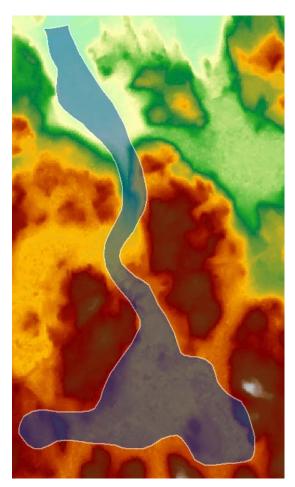


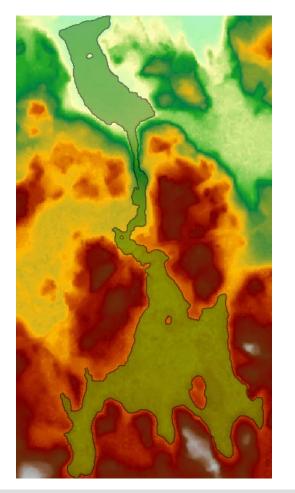




# First Order Approximation

#### FOA Results Much Better than Effective:









# Why are we here?

# Risk Mapping, Assessment and Planning (RiskMAP): What is different?

- FY2015 FY2019?
- Mitigation Planning Status update
- 4-Meeting Format
  - Discovery meeting today
- Study approach Watershed based

**Best Available Data** 

**Community data available?** 





# Discovery

Discovery for the Merrimack Watershed is the process of data mining, collection, and analysis with the goal of conducting a comprehensive watershed study and initiating communication and mitigation planning discussions with the communities in the watershed.

#### Occurs prior to...

- Flood studies
- Flood risk assessments
- Mitigation planning technical assistance projects







#### Involvement from Communities

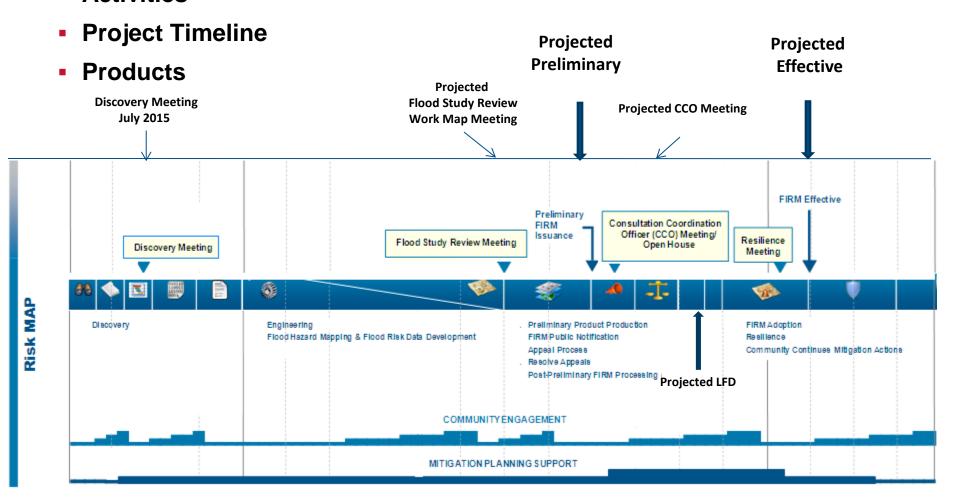
- Four meetings during the study when involvement from communities are needed:
  - Discovery meeting
  - Work Map meeting
  - CCO meeting (Community Coordination and Outreach)
  - Open House/Resiliency meeting





### Merrimack Watershed Timeline

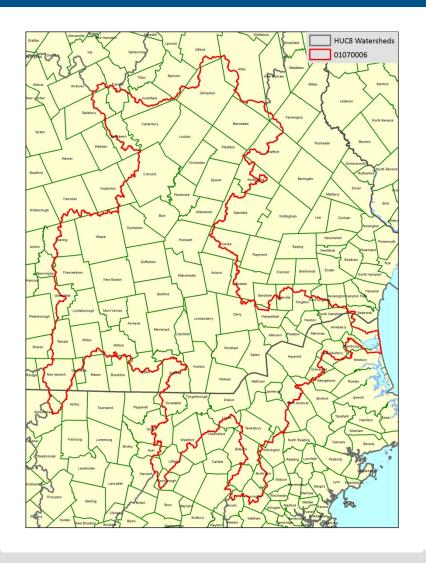
Activities







## Merrimack Watershed







#### Watershed Communities

- The Merrimack Watershed contains or touches:
  - 2 states (MA and NH)
  - 8 counties
  - 110 towns & cities
  - 3,724 total stream miles
  - Around 1.5 million residents





#### Merrimack Watershed Rivers

- Merrimack River
- Soucook River
- Suncook River
- Little Suncook River
- Piscataquog River
- Souhegan River
- Spicket River
- Shawsheen River
- Little River
- Other smaller rivers and tributaries





# Priority Stream Reaches

- One goal of Discovery: Coordinate with all watershed stakeholders to select highestpriority reaches for redelineation and/or detailed study
- Priority list then used to set scope of revision
  - Communities having DFIRM panels revised
  - Communities not having DFIRM panels revised
- Coastal areas done by other studies





## Discovery Report

- Priority reaches will be selected based on analysis of seven sources
  - CNMS
  - LOMCs
  - Hydrology comparisons
  - HWM comparisons
  - FOA
  - State NFIP Coordinator's annual report
  - NFIP claims
- See FOA Report, Discovery Report, and Discovery Map for details
  - All available in digital format upon request
- Last source required to finalize priority list:
- STAKEHOLDER INPUT NEEDED! Please tell us your mapping needs.
  - Online questionnaire
  - Breakout session today





### Best Available Data

- LiDAR (<u>Light Detection And Ranging</u>) elevation data available for entire study area
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) regional regression equations for estimating peakflows for selected annual exceedance probabilities (will be) published in spring/summer 2015 (MA) and 2008 (NH)
- Existing Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMs)
  - Essex County, MA effective in July 2014
  - Middlesex County, MA effective in July 2014
  - Worcester County, MA effective in July 2014
  - Belknap County, NH DFIRMs non-existent
  - Hillsborough County, NH effective in September 2009
  - Merrimack County, NH effective in April 2010
  - Rockingham County, NH effective in May 2005
  - Strafford County, NH effective in May 2005





- Zone AE: Redelineation
- Zone A: Approximate Study
- Zone AE: Limited Detail Study
- Zone AE: Detail Study





### **ZONE AE: Redelineation**

- No new engineering analysis
- Acceptable when effective Detailed Study Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) are considered accurate – Appeal Eligible
- Effective model data is transferred to new LiDAR terrain data to create new floodplain delineations
- Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) / Flood Insurance Study (FIS) Data: Same as Detailed Study





## **ZONE A: Approximate Study**

- Hydrologic and Hydraulic modeling analysis based on new terrain data.
- Streamgage data or regression equations for hydrology and HEC-RAS modeling used for hydraulics
- No field survey
- Cross-section values derived from new lidar terrain data
- Provides an approximate delineation for the 1% annual exceedance probability (100-yr flood) event.
- No BFEs are provided Appeal Eligible





## **ZONE AE: Limited Detail Study**

- Hydrologic and Hydraulic modeling analysis based on new terrain data
- Streamgage data or regression equations for hydrology and HEC-RAS modeling used for hydraulics
- Basic field survey
- Cross-section values derived from new Light Detection And Ranging (lidar) terrain data
- Provides an approximate delineation and Base Flood Elevations (BFE) for the 1% annual exceedance probability (100-yr flood) event – Appeal Eligible





## **ZONE AE: Detailed Study**

- Most Detailed and most expensive study
- Structures and cross-sections are field surveyed
- Streamgage data or regression equations for hydrology and HEC-RAS modeling used for hydraulics
- Floodway Data Table and Flood Profiles included in Flood Insurance Study (FIS)
- Provides:
  - BFEs Appeal Eligible
  - Cross Sections
  - Floodway

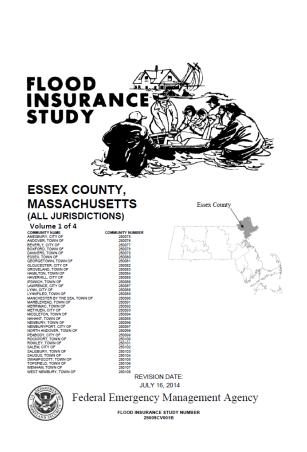
- 1% annual exceedance probability(100-yr flood) floodplain
- 0.2% annual exceedance probability (500-yr flood) floodplain

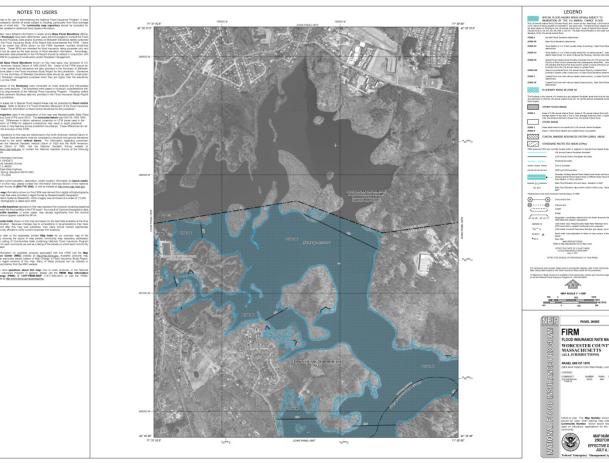




# Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps / Flood Insurance Study

FIS Reports and DFIRM Maps will continue to fulfill regulatory requirements and support the NFIP







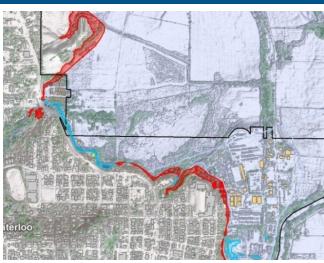


### Flood Risk Products

#### **Changes Since Last Map**

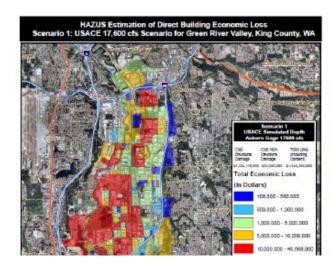
- Shows areas of change
- Improved outreach





# HAZUS Risk Assessment & National Flood Risk Layer

Enables communities to understand risk by reference to existing structure loss







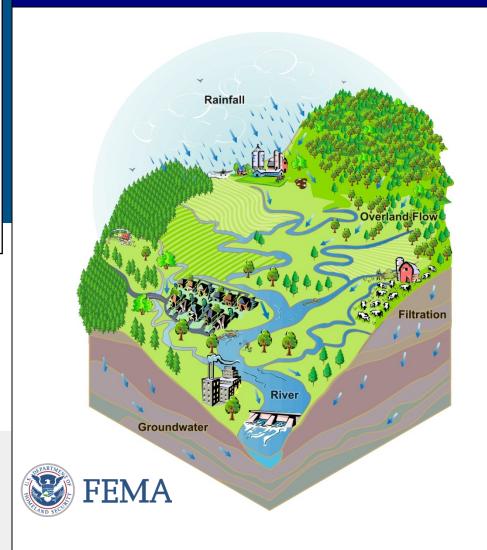


#### Watershed Flood Risk Report

- Changes Since Last Map
- HAZUS Risk Assessment

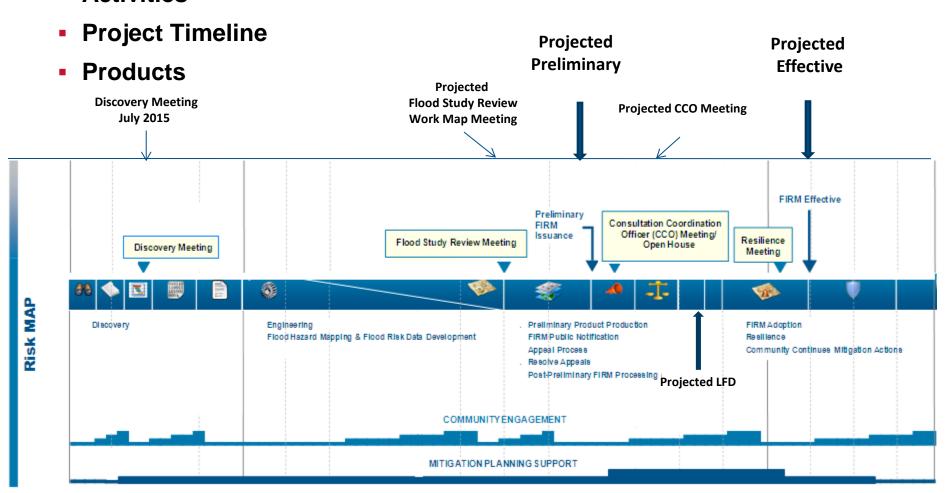


## Merrimack Watershed Flood Risk Report



#### Merrimack Watershed Timeline

Activities







#### Discover the Watershed Communities

#### Understand local interest, issues, capabilities of communities

- Status of Mitigation Plan
- Communication desire, skills, resources
- Interest in and resources for mitigation
- Experience with flood disasters and recovery
- Floodplain administration
- Interest in cost-share
- Mitigation support needs and interests





# Discover FEMA Programs

- Flood Mitigation Assistance annual funding to reduce risk to NFIPinsured structures
- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program declared disaster funding for longterm hazard mitigation measures
- Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program annual funding for hazard mitigation planning and implementation
- Repetitive Flood Claims annual funding to reduce risk to NFIP-insured structures with one or more claims
- Severe Repetitive Loss annual funding to reduce risk to NFIP-insured severe repetitive loss structures
- Community Rating System proactive communities receive insurance discounts for residents
- National Dam Safety Program dam safety standards





## Merrimack Watershed

Hazard Mitigation Plan Status

Please see handout





# Points of Contact Charles Watershed

#### MA State Contacts

 Eric Carlson, State Hazard Mitigation Officer/NFIP Coordinator, MA DCR

Eric.Carlson@state.ma.us

#### NH State Contacts

 Jennifer Gilbert, State NFIP Coordinator, NH OEP

Jennifer.Gilbert@nh.gov

#### FEMA Regional Service Center

 Alex Sirotek, RSC Lead, Compass PTS <u>sirotekar@cdmsmith.com</u>

#### USGS Contacts

 Scott Olson, Project Manager, USGS solson@usgs.gov

 Greg Stewart, Project Manager, USGS gstewart@usgs.gov

#### FEMA Contacts

 Kerry Bogdan, Project Manager and Senior Engineer, FEMA Region I

Kerry.Bogdan@dhs.gov

Marilyn Hilliard, Chief
 Risk Analysis Branch, Mitigation Division,
 FEMA Region I

Marilyn.Hilliard@dhs.gov





## General Points of Contact

- For general FEMA mapping and Letter of Map Change (LOMC) questions contact FEMA's Map Information Exchange (FMIX): 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or email a Map Specialist:
   FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com
- Map Service Center (MSC): where you can view effective maps online for free <a href="http://www.msc.fema.gov/">http://www.msc.fema.gov/</a>
- To learn more about the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP): <a href="http://www.floodsmart.gov/floodsmart/">http://www.floodsmart.gov/floodsmart/</a> or call 1-888-379-9531





# Data Request

- Disaster High Water Marks (HWM)
- Existing/new dams or levees
- New construction of culverts and bridges
- Planimetric Data (i.e. Building Footprints)
- •Information obtained from research by other Federal agencies, non-profit organizations, Universities, etc.
- Information from dam Emergency Action Plans
- Much more anything affecting the floodplain





# Optional Breakout Session

Optional Breakout Session for community specific questions

(5-30 minutes):

To discuss Study Areas and Data Availability on a Community and Watershed Basis

**QUESTIONS??** 





